

Costing natural disasters and assessing cost effective community solutions

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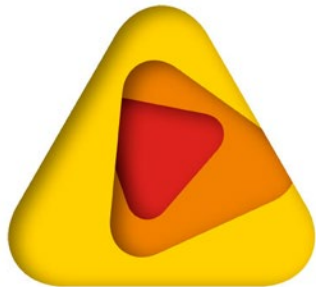
Research Engagement Forum, 11-12 Nov 2020

Darwin Centre for Bushfire Research, CDU



RIEL

Research Institute for
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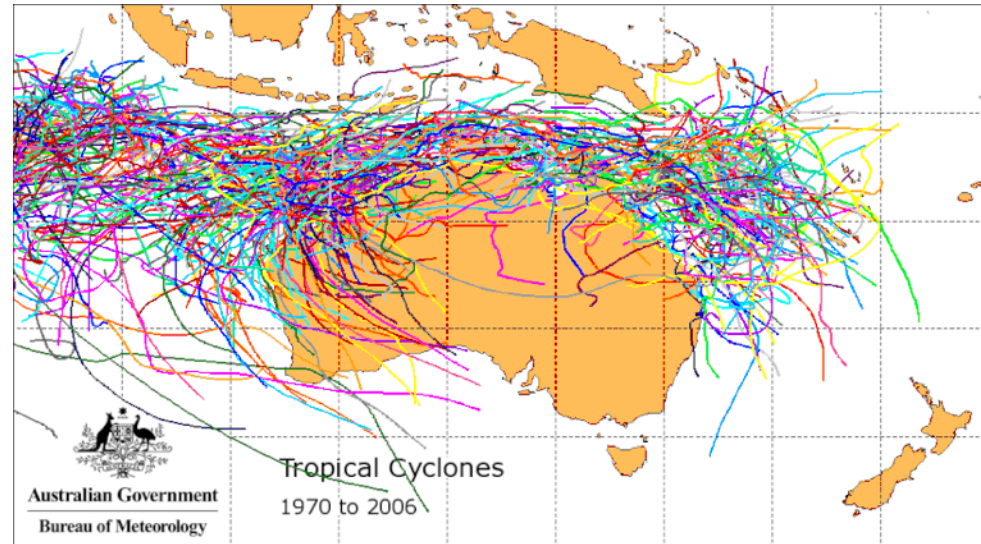
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A wide range of Natural Disasters in the NT



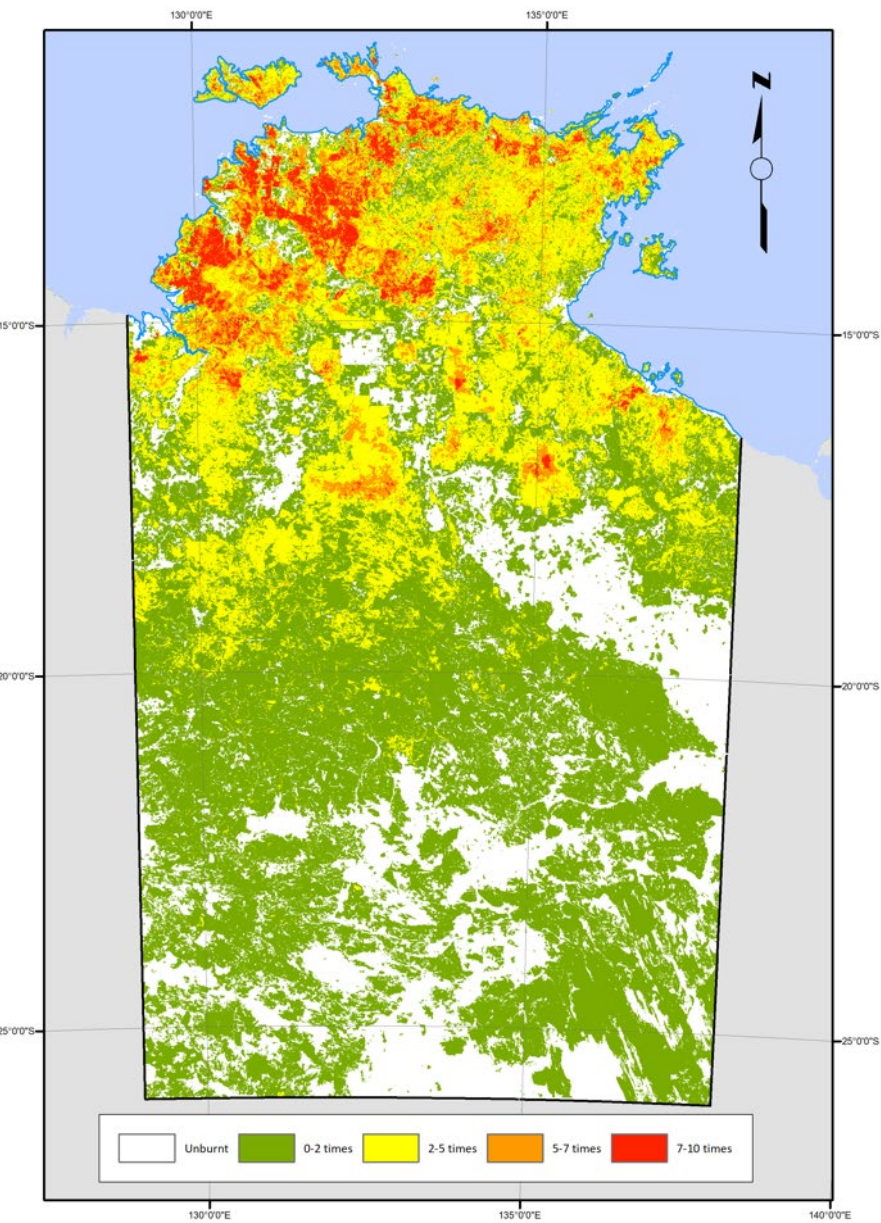
Courtesy: NTES



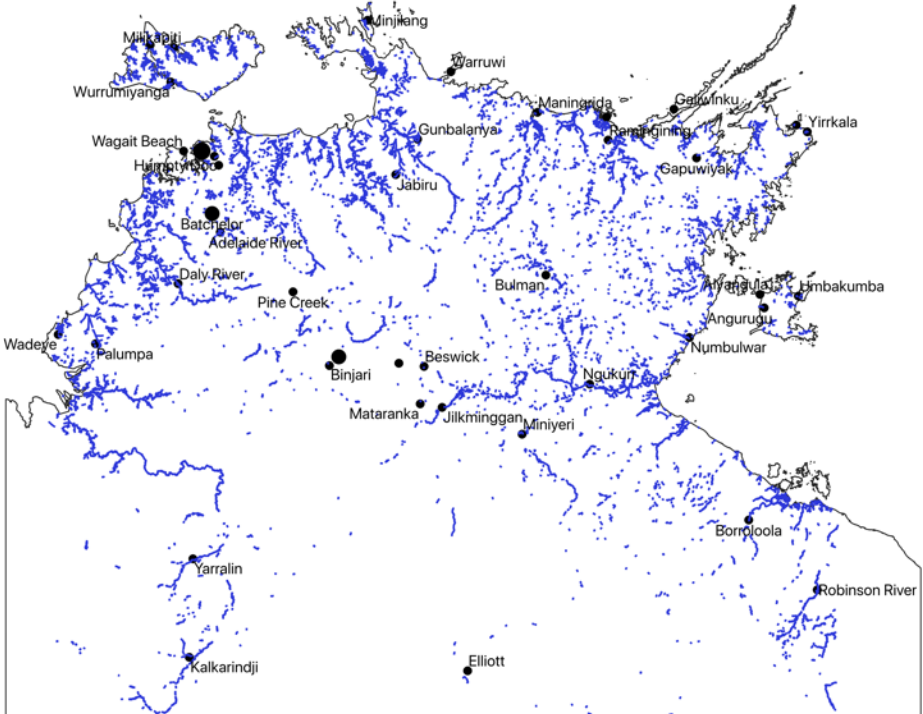
Courtesy: DENR



Average fire frequency from 2009-2018 in the NT



Flooding – annual in coastal remote communities

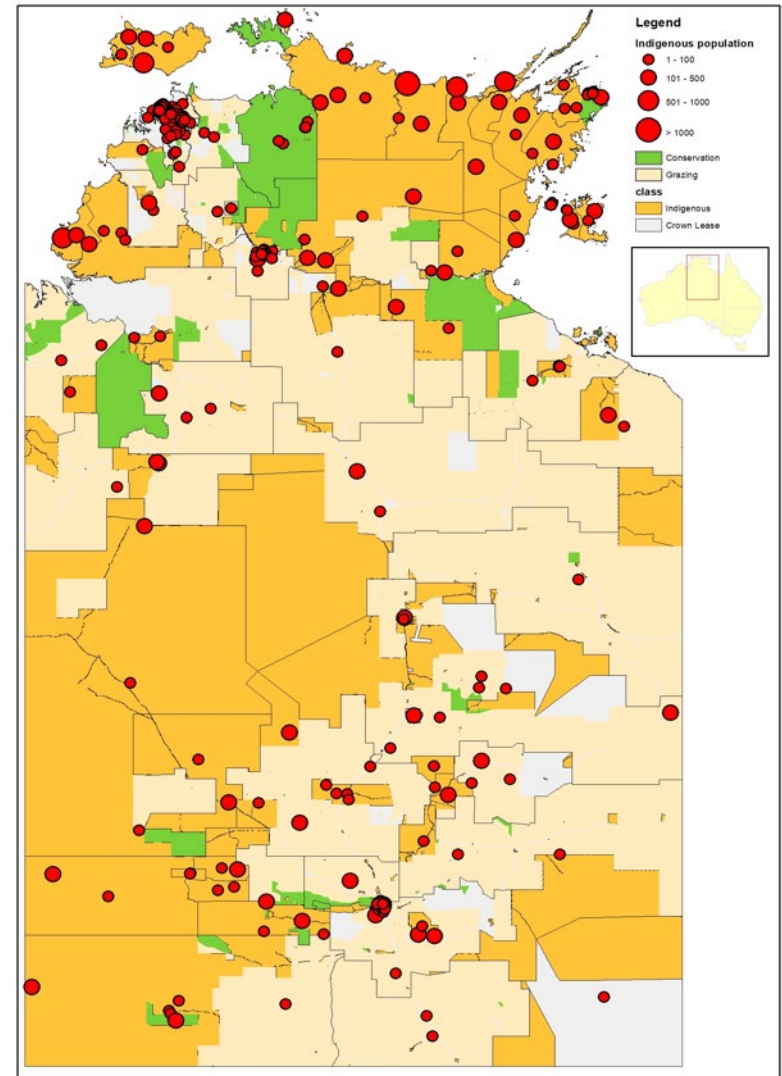


Australian Disaster Declaration Database : cyclones, floods and bushfires in the NT from 2010-2020

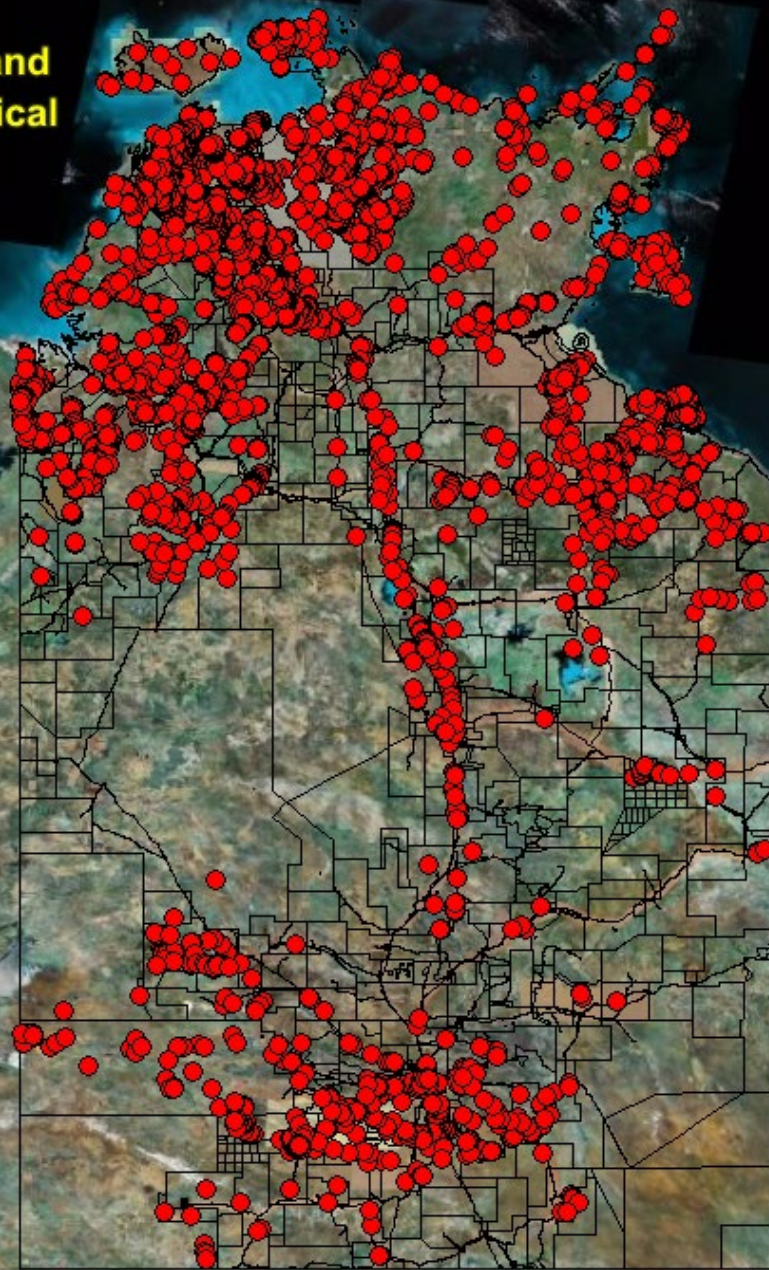
Start date	End date	Disaster Types	Name of Disaster- NT
Cyclone			
Mar-19	Mar-23	Cyclone	Severe Tropical Cyclone Trevor: 23 March 2019
Feb-18	Mar-18	Cyclone	Tropical Cyclone Marcus: March 2018
Mar-15	Mar-20	Cyclone	Tropical Cyclone Nathan: 20 March 2015
Feb-15	Feb-20	Cyclone	Tropical Cyclone Lam: 16 February 2015
Dec-11	Dec-28	Cyclone	Northern Territory Cyclone Grant: December 2011
Feb-11	Feb-16	Cyclone	Tropical Cyclone Carlos: 11 February 2011
Bushfires			
Jul-11	Aug-11	Bushfire	Central Australian bushfires: August 2011
Flooding			
Mar-19	Mar-21	Cyclone and Flood	Severe Tropical Cyclone Trevor: 23 March 2019
Jan-18	Jan-18	Flood	Daly River Flooding – January 2018
Dec-16	Jan-17	Flood, Rainfall	Central Australia Flash Flooding: December 2016 and January 2017
Dec-15	Dec-15	Flood	Central Australia Flash Flooding: 21 December to 23 December 2015
Jan-15	Jan-15	Flood	Central Australia flooding: 3 to 13 January 2015
Feb-12	Mar-12	Flood	Central Australian floods: March 2012
Nov-10	Nov-10	Flood	Alice Springs floods: 13 to 17 November 2010

Context:

- Total population 245,000
- Indigenous population 58,000 (25% of total pop)
- 96 Major and minor communities with >600 outstations – dispersed across the landscape
- >20 coastal communities experiencing floods/cyclones/bushfires, throughout the year
- Many intangible losses



**Recorded Aboriginal and
Macassan archaeological
sites in the NT**



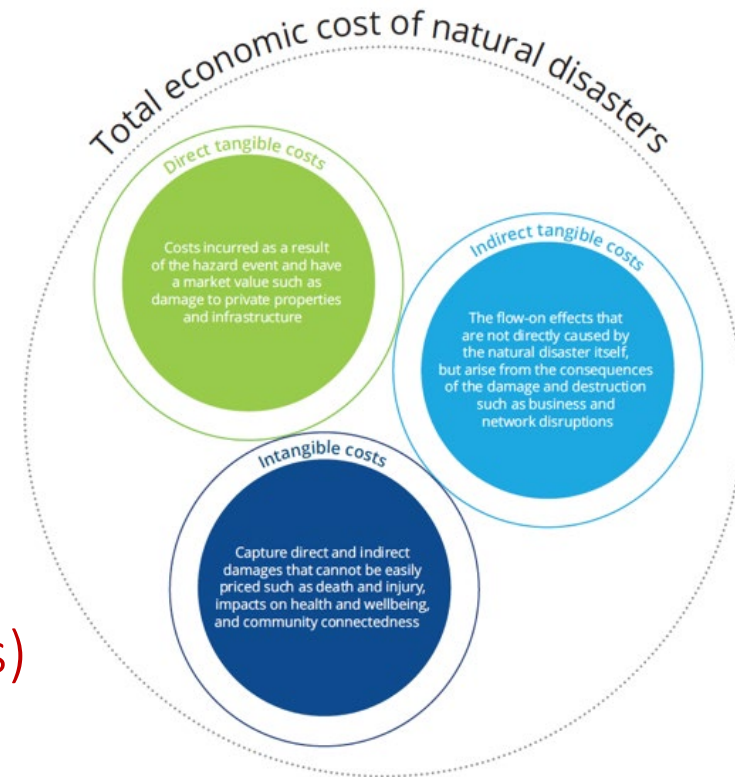
Source:
NT Heritage Branch
(Department of Tourism,
Sport and Culture)



Assessments of ND-related losses

ABRDR&SC (2017) - the total economic cost of \$18.2 billion per year (2006-2016)

- For the NT, the total cost is \$50m/year
 - All costs are attributed to cyclones
 - Forecast \$3.3bn/yr by 2050
- For Qld, total cost \$11bn/yr
 - floods, cyclones, hail and storms
 - Forecast \$6.2bn/yr by 2050
- For WA, total cost \$1bn/yr
 - All major NDs (predominantly hailstorms)
 - Forecast \$2.4bn/yr by 2050



The World Bank Framework for assessing ND-related losses

- **Direct losses**
 - Marketable (public infrastructure, public, private and business buildings, etc.)
 - Non-marketable (loss of ecosystems and their services, and cultural assets, human lives, etc.)
- **Indirect losses (consequence of NDs):**
 - Marketable (Business disruption, communication and network/computer disruption, loss of work and public services, etc.)
 - Non-marketable (poor health especially emotional well-being, loss of public amenity, loss of water, electricity and gas services, etc.)

Total losses for the NT = \$155.5m/yr

ND related costs (\$/year)

Direct costs

Marketable	\$5.9m/yr (using average costs of insurance loss from a cyclonic event, ICA database)
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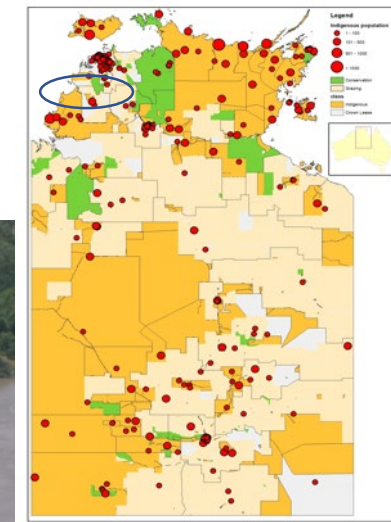
Non-marketable	\$95m/yr - <u>bushfires</u> (of size >100km ²) causing loss of ES \$7.6m/yr - <u>cyclones</u> causing loss of ES (category 3 or more)
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Indirect costs

Marketable	\$47 m/yr (estimated by accounting for NDRRA Category A + B expenditure)
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Non-marketable	not estimated (poor health, emotional well-being, etc.)
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Daly River community case study



- Average annual cost of floods: \$3.8million
- Across the NT, annual cost of floods and monsoon troughs: \$7.5million
- Over the last 9 years: floods alone have costed \$68 million

Image courtesy: Paul Terawsky

Key messages

- Significant non-marketable losses (2/3rd of the total)
- Several frequent and minor events, each costing between \$1-4 million/yr, that need to be listed in our national datasets (AUS-DIS, Australian Disaster Declaration Database, and others)
- Typically, minor events costing <\$10million/yr are not accounted for in ND-related loss assessments to date – but in the north, these are important to consider!

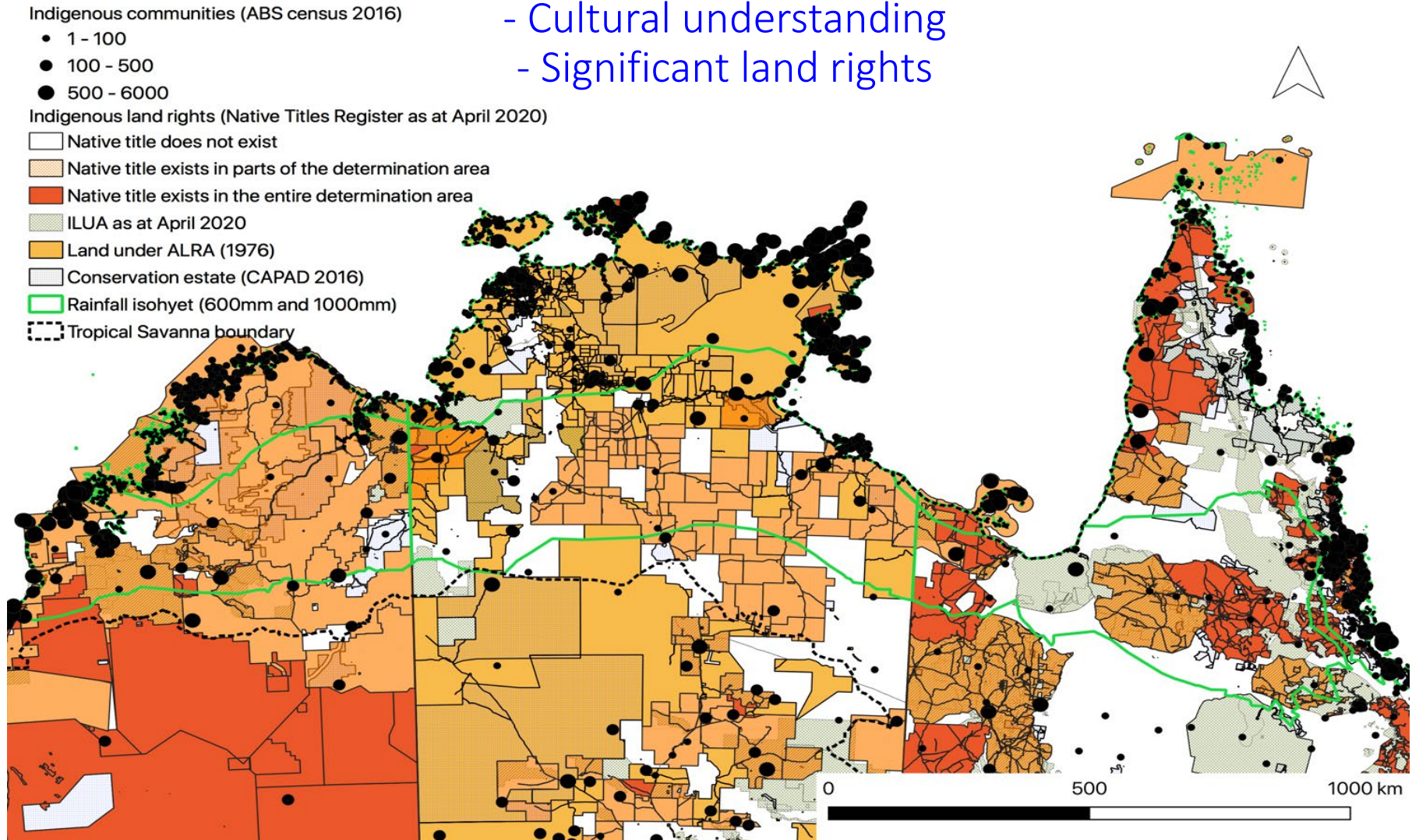
Possible solutions:

Economic Rationale — Indigenous involvement in EM sector

Cost savings	Benefits generated from emergency-related employment (\$ values in 2019)
Main benefiting sectors	
• Welfare cost savings (applying half of the average welfare costs for Indigenous people in the NT i.e. \$35,968/person/yr)	\$13,811,756
• Pride and self-respect (\$15,004/person/yr)	\$5,761,617
• Domestic violence related cost savings (\$20,760/person/yr)	\$7,971,951
• Incarceration related cost savings (average cost of \$8,897/person/yr)	\$3,416,377
Total	\$30,961,701

Building resilience in remote communities across the north

- Dispersed communities
- Permanent residency
- Cultural understanding
- Significant land rights



Thanks!

Any questions?



- Sangha, K.K., Russell-Smith, J., Evans, J., Edwards, A., 2020. Methodological approaches and challenges to assess the environmental losses from natural disasters. *International Journal of Disaster Risk Reduction* 49, 101619.
- Sangha, K.K., Evans, J., Edwards, A.C., Russell-Smith, J., 2019. Measuring environmental losses from natural disasters: a case study of costing bushfires in the Northern Territory. *Australian Journal of Emergency Management* 34, 32-40.
- Sangha, K.K., Edwards, A.C., Russell-Smith, J., 2019. Long-term solutions to improve emergency management services to remote communities in northern Australia. *Australian Journal of Emergency Management* 34, 62-71.

